AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

BOWERS TERATRE. Bowery-PUTNAM-MURDERED BROADWAY THEATRE, Broadway-BROKER OF BOGO-BURTON'S THEATRE, Chambers street-RATHER Ex-

NATIONAL THEATRE, Chatham street-Two Bonst AMERICAN MUSEUM-AMUSING PERFORMANCES IN

BOWERY AMPHITHEATER, Bowery-Equestrian CHRISTY'S MINSTRELS, Mechanics' Hall, 673 Broad-

"WOODS' MINSTRELS. Woods' Musical Hall, No. 454

New York, Friday, March 13, 1853.

The New

Nearly the whole of yesterday's session of the United States Senate was occupied in discussing the most appropriate method of paying the expenses of Kessuth and suite-amounting to five thousand dollars, while in the national capital. One grave enator wished the payment to be made by a joint solution, although the House of Representatives had nothing to do with, and did not even notice, the Magyar till after he had been a guest of the Sonate for a week. Another distinguished and saga cious Senator was desirous of having a competent com mittee appointed to examine the hotel-keep ris as count go over the items charged, one by one in order to ascertain whether it was substantially correct. The enquiring mind of this gentleman could not understand how it was possible that Kossuth and his companions could have run up a bill of five thouand dollars for provisions at a hotel, in thirteen days. It was finally decided that this board till should be paid from the contingent fund of the Senate—which is decidedly the most proper arrangement, even if it impinge on the mileage change. Those who invite their friends to dine with them, ought to pay the expense themselves.

The House of Representatives agreed to close th debate on the Free Farm bill at three-o'clock; after which, a disquisition on the grospects and opinions of the various democratic candidates for the Presidency was resumed. Mr. Marshall, of California, espoused the cause of Judge Douglas, and declared that the fact of his being the choice of the people of the "Golden State"-a community composed of persons from all the States cast of the kocky Mounsains was an omen of his great popularity with all classes and in all sections. Mr. Marshall was quite severe on what he termed "the old fogies" of the party to which he belonged, and was especially sareastic upon Mr. Breckenridge, the champion of Gen. Butler. The latter gentleman retorted, and quite an interesting family quarrel ensued. While there intestine wrangles have been going on among the Southern democrats, the Northern democrats and the abolitionists, the whigs have kept in the shade and enjoyed the fun. It will be their surn presently, and then we shall have the opinions of the Fillmore, Scott, and Webster gartizans. The fuse will soon become general.

Our Washington despatches-contain several items of interest this morning. One intimation is that Gen. Josup is to be hauled over the coals for allowing the expenses of the Quartermaster's Department to run so far beyond the appropriations. Rer some cause, which is mexplained, the ascetic speech of Com. Etockton, in allusion to Senate: Se. ard, on Wednesday, did not appear in the Wash ington papers of yesterday; but we are promised a copy, and, although we have already given a synopsie of it, may give it in full hereafter. The treaties with Persia and Costa Rica have been ratified by the Senate. After all the excitement, the smoke, the inquiries.

the fog and the fuss with regard to the mysterious manner a which the canal contracts were awarded, it appears that we were right in our original supposition that the whole affair would end just where the Legislature found it-that is, in an aucomprehensible labyrinth of political financiering. Our legislators cannot unravel it-the people cannot understand itand the only thing that looms up above the mist, and makes itself pre-emmently conspicuous, is th vast sum of three millions of dollars of which the inhabitants of this State are to be despoiled, by not giving out the contracts to the lowest responsible ders. This sum is entirely too large to be hidden or submerged by the veluminous mass of testimony adduced by the one hundred and sixty-one witnesses examined by the Joint Committee of Investigation. We do not charge that the old Canal Board wilfully did wrong; but, still, the contracts look as though there had either been the most inexcusable neglect in the transaction of their business, or that there must have been "cheating around the board," by the outsiders or some other interested parties. The large pile of money to be wantonly subtracted from the State treasury will materially sid the political aspirations of those who will control it, and the majority of these are known to be of the Seward school. It will be very likely to keep ex-Secretary Marcy and his coadjutors very busily engaged in patching up the democratic party before they can again get possession of the State.

In the State Senate yesterday, another discussion took place on the bill granting an appropriation of twenty thousand dollars for the aid of negroes who wish to reach Liberia. Gerrit Smith, and a great number of his compeers, black and mottled, were in attendance, and seemed quite delighted at the opposition of different Senators to the .bill. The fact is, Gerrit dislikes the idea of parting with any of his companions; and some of the colored folks, not being very choice in their company, are contented to remain here, so long as they are treated as equals by the abolitionists. The negro is a most excellent fellow in the eyes of these sycophants, so long as his money holds out—but let him need pecuniary assistance, and he is soon forgotten-ride the case of the three negroes who were seized and sold as slaves in Texas, for endeavoring to run off a slave. Although their purchaser offers to liberate them at a fair price, no step has yet been taken to meet his offer, by the abolitionists. Colored persons should

The bill incorporating the Crystal Palace to be erected in this city, has passed the Assembly, been signed by the Governor, and has become a law. This was speedy work. Why cannot other bills, of more immediate importance, be hurried up in the same manner? When do our legislators intend to give us their views on the Presidential question?

We received a telegraphic despatch on Wednesday night,-which we published, among other telegraphic items, in yesterday's HERALD-that the Kentucky Democratic Convention had declared in favor of Cass. The thing was an absurdity, after the late action of the Kentucky Democratic Convention, in favor of Butler. It was simply a despatch from Louisville, intended to report the result of the Louisiana Convention. We receive a mass of telegraphic advices from all quarters and upon all suband our supervisor of this matter has but little time to correct the blunders of correspondents, and operators or transcribers at the telegraph offices. In this matter of the Kentucky Demo cratic Convention there is an ignoramus somewhere. who ought to be discovered and discharged. It is just such blunders as his that make sheer nonsense of the most careful estimates of the political movements of the day. Telegraphic correspondents, operators, and transcribers, must understand their business or be dismissed. We pay for intelligence-not for ignorance and stupidity. The political despatch seesived from New Orleans last evening, puts the Munder in question all right, and is interesting be-

sides, as indicating the discord of the democratic party, even as far down as Louisiana.

Resolutions were yesterday introduced in the lower branch of the Legislature of Massachusetts, which denounced the Fugitive Slave law as unjust, of pressive and unconstitutional, and a law that ought to be speedily and forever repealed.

Provisions in this market, after a long period of inactivity, have become more animated, especially mess perk, the sales of which, within the last two days, have reached near 2,000 bbls. The market opened yesterday at \$15 75, and closed to-day at \$16 25, establishing an advance of fifty cents per barrel; at the close, some holders asked \$16 50. Good to extra sugar cured hams were at 9 a 940.

Our government has organized a formidable navaexpedition to Japan. Three first class steamers, three sloops, and one brig of war, with a store thip, are to constitute the warlike squadron of Commodore Perry, in this singular, curious, if not illegal enterprise. The fact that such an expedition was projected, was first announced in the HERALD, some time ago. The provocations and objects of this warlike movement have since been semi-officially communicated to the world.

Capan is a populous, independent, oriental, semibarbarous nation, made up of an immense cluster of volcanic islands, flanking the coast of China. The entire population of the empire is estimated at from forty to fifty millions. Jeddo, the capital, in the island of Niphon, is said to be one of the most magnificent and populous cities on the globe. The products of the islands are varied and extensive, and the people are skilled in a variety of useful mannfactures. The empire offers an inviting market to the commerce of Europe and the United States; but it remains to this day a sealed book to all "outside barbarians," except the Dutch, who, by treaty stipulations, enjoy certain exclusive, but limited, privileges of trade. The Chinese, a branch of the same race as the Japanese, not being classified among the 'outsiders," have a more enlarged privilege of traffic; but, substantially, the empire is locked up against the ships of all civilized nations. The flags of England and the United States are especially under the most rigorous exclusion; and shipwrecked English or American sailors among the Japanese islands, are subjected to tortures, compared with which the sufferings of Captain Riley, on the coast of Africa, are but the details of a holiday excursion among the natives. Within the last two years, the sailors of one or several American vessels have suffered from the treachery and barbarity of the Japanese. But while some died from their cruel treat-ment, others escaped to tell the story. Subsequently, if we are not mistaken, an American vessel of war. the sloop Preble, entered the sacred waters of Jedde, anchored off the city, and demanded the surrender of certain American sailors, still supposed to be in the custody of the local authorities. After considerable chaffering, and a threat of hombard ment, one or two men, we believe, were recovered; but such was the jealousy of the authorities, that neither the officers nor any of the crew were permitted to land; and it was only by threats of opening on the town, that water and provisions were supplied to

the vessel by the natives themselves.

Those unsatisfied outrages upon American seamen are set down as the casus belli for this expedition. The object of the squadron is openly declared to be war-the invasion of Jeddo, nolens volens, and the exploration of the islands, with an eye to their commercial advantages. The enterprise may, therefore, he fairly pronounced a sort of experimental filibusher exploring expedition, on a scale equivalent to me actual declaration of war. The success of the Exglish invasion of China, upon the opium question, may have suggested the practicability of this Japarese experiment. The most lawless, and even the meet atrocious, outrages upon inoffensive nations, have very often resulted to the positive benefit of in injured people themselves, and the world at large. The mistory of mankind is full of such examples. The wars of the Romans, the Crusades of the dark oge s, the numerous filibustering expeditions of Great Britetin, of Spain, and of France, to say nothing of stroke of ound policy of modern times, although exactly secording to the lex scripta, or the diplomatic code, in all respects-one and all, may be justified by their practical results. The written law has been, is, and must be, subservient to policy, which is the

suprame law of nations. Upon this broad fundamental doctrine, the United santes naval expedition sets out for the inva-Jap. an. "It is designed to effect a landing at Jeddo, the capital of the empire, at all hazards." Thus re ads our report from Washington. And Commodo e Perry is to "leave no efforts untried to open com vacreial intercourse with that long-scaled peo-... The objects of the expedition go beyond the point of redress for outrages upon American seamen. The J. assuese are to be compelled to trade with the their et mutry is to be explored by force of arms. This is Escurious, singular, and remarkable project for th . pacific administration of Mr. Fillmore.

It stands o win direct contract with the doctrine of non-juterver Wion, face to face. It is intervention the most pa buble. The only shade of difference between it a wi the late foray of Lopez upon Cuba, is, that the on. sis a public and the other was a private affair. The pobject of both was the same-to open to a benig sated people the benefits of more intimate social, p setical, and commercial relations with the civilized world. And we expect good results from this ext edition. It is doubtless strong enough to break do wn the barriers which have so long scaled up the J: wances from the rest of mankind. And it is high time that their celestial notions of exclusion, and contempt of "outside barbarians," were reformed b. v the wholesome arguments of forty-two pounders. '1 "he nations of the world are a family, and neither the Chinese nor the Japanese can longer be perm. 'tted to refuse to trade with their outside neighbors '. They must come to their mill, or take the const quences. The traffic with an empire of fifty millions tof industrious prople is a matter that admits of no triffing. The good effects of the opinia war in China, 'ustify the highest expectations of this exploring and . experimental expedition of Mr. Fillmore and his, Cabinet. They have, bona fide, certain provocatio. is to redress. Good. And they have concluded to make clean work of it by entering Japan, by ex ploring the islands, and by opening them to the bene tits of the Otton trade and Christianity-to all of , which we

say, Amen! There appears to us, however, to be on clittle difficulty in the way. This expedition is t antamount to a declaration of war. It involves the necessity of war. It goes to make war. Congress, as we understand it, is the war making power; and w are not aware that Congress has even been informed of the intentions of the administration in this businese. And when we recollect the outery raised by Mr. Webster, Mr. Corwin, and the universal whig party, against the unconstitutionality of the Mexican war, as opened by Mr. Polk, this Japanese squadron does certainly look very curious. But it is still more remarkable that the cabinet should go to the antipodes for a little war capital, when it might be had, of a more substantial quality, with John Bull and his lawless agents in Nicaregua and Conjects, late at night, up to the hour of going to press, tral America. Mr. James Green, H. B. M. Consul at San Juan, is still collecting his tolls there as the agent of the Mosquito King, under British protection, and in open contempt of the Clayton and Balwer treaty. Here we have had outrages and insults sufficient for the active employment of the home squadron, while it has remained idle; and here, in the expulsion of intermeddling British emissaries from Central America, has been offered the most inviting field for popularity, which Mr. Webster and his associates have timidly negotiated into paltry explanations, meaning anything or nothing. yet, to pick up a little military glory, they fit up an expedition for Jopan, of the results of which there

is no proceduity of hearing anything till after the

Presidential election-so that, if the empire of Japan is explored, subjugated, and amexed to the Union, it will all be ammunition wasted. The election will be over before we can hear the news.

Yet we go for the expedition, and have faith that it will turn out successful, advantageous, and satisfactory. The navy wants employment,-between idleness and active service it costs but little additional expense. If the lives and property of our sailors shall be hereafter secured among the Japanese, it will pay; but if Commodore Perry shall also succeed in a scientific exploration of those islands, and in a treaty of social and commercial reciprocity with his Serenc Highness the Emperor, even if it shall require the bombardment of his capital and the destruction of all the war junks he can muster, then our gallant Commodore will deserve a gold medal of the largest size. The prestige of our arms on the land and on the sea, will be illustrated in the uttermost parts of the earth—the area of our commerce will be extended, and the insulated pagans of Japan will be taught a lesson which will redound to the glory of civilization and the spread of a little belligerent Christianity. Nothing like steamships and long forty-twos for a commercial treaty or the conversion of the heathen.

Musical. ne Thillen, who was so well received when last in this city, has returned, after a successful tour through seversi of the States, and will appear again at Nibio's, on Monday evening next, in the "Crown Diamonds." She will be supported by Mr. Hudson, who will sing in those comic operas in which she performs. Madame Thillon has a sweet voice, is a pretty woman, and altogether is a charming comic opera singer.

It is stated that Steffanone and Selvi, and others of Max

Maretzek's Italian Opera troupe, are going to Mexico-while some say they are going to Engiand. There seems to be nothing certainly known about their movements as

to be nothing certainly known about their movements as yet.

Nible, and Sefton, his manager, are still in England, cellecting vocalists, and perhaps other artists.

A concert is to be given next week by Mr. Loach, at which it is announced that Braham and Madame Wallace Bouchelle will sing Vincent Wallace, the distinguished composer, and Madame Wallace, are singing in the West.

Madame Bishop is now at New Orleans.

Catherine Hayes has just left New Orleans for Natchez, whence she intends to proceed to Louisville and other cities of the Western States. We learn from the New Orleans papers that her concerts there have been very successful, and produced quite an enthusiasm among the musical public. One charity concert given by her for the re-building of a Catholic church, produced \$4.000.

Parodl is going to Havana. Ulman, her agent, has been there, making arrangements for her. The statement that he was arrested in Havana, is humbug. We have seen letters from that city, which show that it was a mere joke.

### College of Physicians and Surgeons. UNIVERSITY OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK -- ADDRESS

OF DR. STEVENS-ADMISSION OF GRADUATES. The annual commencement of the College was held in the College Hall last evening, at the College in Crosby street. There was a large and fashionable attendance, which comprised many ladies. Among those present were, the Rev. Dr. Fox, Drs. Stevens, Buck, Cheeseman, Elliot

and Hoffman. vans (the orator on the occasion) delivered to each of the following gentlemen his diploma, as an M. D., accompanying its presentation by reciting the usual Latin address:-

	Name. State.	Name. orac.
ı	John Barker Conn.	B. Marshall N.Y.
ł	B. L. B. Baylies N. Y.	W. E. Matcison, N. Y.
ı	M. Blumenthal N. Y.	J. F. Merritt
ı	A. S. Burdett N. Y.	G. L. Miller N. Y.
ı	C. R. Case	E. P. Nichols, A.M N.J.
ı	C. S. Chandler N. J.	S. B. Nicoll, Jr., A.M., N.J.
1	F. V. Clarkson N. Y.	I. W. Oakley, A.B N.Y.
I	T. R. Davis, N. Y.	J. H. Olmsted, A.B Conn.
ı	B. L. Dedd, A. B N. J.	S. H. Orton, A.M. N.J.
۱	D. Dedge, A. B N. Y.	W B Peniston Bassaude
ı	F Flint A R Conn	R. G. Perkins N.Y.
ı	E. Elting N. Y.	W. B. Pierson. N.Y.
ı	W P Please A P Vu	A. T. Pratt, A.B Conn.
۱	J. P. B. Foggo, Bermuda	J. Reiley, A.B. N.J.
ı	C' Cotas A D N V	D. Robertson
۱	P. Onedanauch N. I	W. N. Sayre, A.M. N.Y.
ı	W. H. Harter N. Y.	H. Shaw Nova Scotia
۱		
ı	T. Heaton. N. Y. J. H. Hinton. N. Y.	E. B. Silvers N.Y.
ı	d. H. Hinton	D. E. Smith, A.B N.J.
ı	S. G. Hocker Ky.	W. C. Smith, A.MN.J.
١	W. M. Holton, N. Y.	J. H. P. Stevens Conn.
۱	E. M. Hont, A. B N. J.	H. S. Swift, A.M Vt.
ı	E. L. Hul Mass.	L. G. Thomas, A.B N.J.
۱	B. Kelly N. Y.	J. H. Trumbull, A.M Conn.
١	O. R. King, A. B N. Y.	N. M. Van Duser N.Y.
۱	W. C. Livingston, A.M., N. Y.	W. E. Vermilye, AM N.Y.
ı	A. L. Loomis, A.B Vt.	W. L. Wells, A.B Conn.
ı	T. McAllister N. Y.	J. E. West
3	J. C. McComb N. Y.	P. Wheeler, A.B Conn.
	J. P. Mapes, A.B Miss.	Total 50
	Dr. STEVENS then address	sed the graduates. He re-

Dr. Strans then addressed the graduates. He remarked that in a great town containing a vast population, such an event must excite a feeling of public interest. In large cities, the votary of the healing art became acquainted with all the various mature, and there it was that he received instruction and mayor, and there it was that he received instruction. To the class here assembled to receive their degrees of medicine, this was one of the most important epochs of practice in their lives. They entered as pupils, and left as physicians, after a most careful examination as to their character and acquirements, and with certificates of the possession of that precious legacy, the knowledge and skill of the healing art; and he hoped they would become eminent in faithful services. They had received formal certificates of their competency to take charge of the lives of the community; and the trustees have had a full weight of responsibility. He would take leave to say possession of that precious legacy, the anowedge and skill of the healing art; and he heped they would become uninent in faithful services. They had received formal certificates of their competency to take charge of the lives of the community; and the trustees have had a full weight of responsibility. He would take beare to say that he was not insensible to his own repportance of the count by the highest obligations to assert the most effectibe remoiles might be obtained, and the most successful methods of curing diseases and relieving fujuries. They had done so in common with all the knowledge of true physicians, and in accordance with observation and recorded experience, colightened by the sciences of chemistry and anatomy. He begged leave to say that the moral and religiousaspects of the subject, in a great degree, would come before than, if not now certainly at a future period. He had observed men eminent for learning and picty—men eminent for learning and picty—men eminent of the knowledge of natural science, and who expressed their opinions in opposition to those who had made disease the occupation of their lives. He would suppose that such persons were entirely sincere in their considerations of the possession of medical knowledge, then let him ask, why did they not become physicians? (Applause.) How enlarged would their spheres be! what blessings would accompany their efforts: what forms and hence weald they attain by the exercise of their skill! There were two methods of curing diseases, the one was to form a notion of the nature and causes of diseases, and to treat diseases according to such precencies of nature. He would take leave to say that the pursuance of an amp would seaser, be considered sane. Yet the cases were parallel. The foundation of all knowledge, like that of notions. Now, if a man attempted agriculture on any other basis than that of experience in a small way, such a man would searchy be considered small, and the results are such as a such as a

The Temperance Alliance.

New York, March 11, 1882.

Janger Gerich Bennert, Eeq.:

Dr. as Fins—In the report of the tremendous meeting of the freeds of the Maine law, you state that "one of the commit tee states privately that the sum raised was \$500, but of the there is some reason to doubt." It was I that made that Fintement. But as the treasurer of the City Alliance, I would inform you that instead of \$500 being the amount received the sum of \$700 75 is the correct amount. Of this I know there is "no doubt," for I have in my possession the "ocular demonstration."

By making this correction you will oblige the City Alliance and preparet the rause of truth.

SUCCOTING CASE IN FORTY-FIFTH STREET—CON-CLUSION OF THE CORONER'S INVESTIGATION—VER-I TOF TH JURY.

Coroner Ives, yesterday morning, assisted by Mr. Blust the District Attorney continued the inquest on the body of William Kelter, who came to his death, on Tuesday afternoon, by a gunrhot wound received on Sunday night, in Forty-fif h street, near second avenue. Several tnesses were examine |-- the substance of which we have already given. On the onte-mortem examination, the dical evidence of Doctors Morris and Dixon went to thew conclusively that the deceased came to his death by the injury received from the gunshot wound in the right breast, near the shoulder; but in consequence of the rapid mertification which ensured after death, they did not feel safe in making a past mortem examination, feeling confident that the death was caused by the wound. Edward Dennis, the employer of the deceased, said he was present when Kelter was brought home injured; and further, that he heard Charles W. Lowerre say that the gan with which the deceased was shot, was loaded with small shot—that only a few shot were in the gun. Two other witnesses were examined in relation to the conversation of Mr. Lowerre made in their presence, which indirectly pointed somewhat at Mr. Lowerre as knowing more about the affair than he appeared willing to explain. Mr. Lowerre was himself examined by the Coroner, conducted by the District Attorney, who contradicted many of the statements of the former witnesses—most positively denying ever saying that he knew the prisoner, Jacob Rotter, had shot the deceased. He said all he knew was that the man he saw with the gun on the Sunday night, acknowledged that he was the person who shot the deceased, but the witness asserts that he never said that Jacob Rotter contessed to him that he shot the deceased. John Donnelly, residing in the Teuth avenue, was examined. He states, that on Tuesday afternoon, the day the wounded man died, he had a conversation with Mr. Lowerre; that he met Lowerre in Forty-fourth structalking with Mr. Edward Deanis, and that after Ar. Dennis walked away, he put several questions to Mr. Lowerre in reference to the shooting of the deceased, remarking that the Dutch did not possess any moral feeling or religion, as was shown by their abouting and taking the life of a man for a piece of board not worth more than three cents. Mr. Lowerre replied that he never knew the Dutch to wished, and would never employ one of them again. It was also shown that Mr. Lowerre had been much annoyed by persons in that vicini show conclusively that the deceased came to his death by the injury received from the gunshet wound in the

VERDICT.

"That the said William Kelter came to his death from the effects of a gunshot wound, inflicted on the night of the 7th of March, 1852; and the Jury, while deeming the evidence insufficient to arrive at any positive conclusion with regard to the person discharging said gun, still think that circumstances connected with the case, are such as to cast reasonable suspicion upon Jacob Rotter, as the person who did discharge such gun, and also strongly to point to Charles W. Lowerre as being cognizant of the person so discharging said gun, thus making him an accessory either before or after the fact."

On the rendition of the above verdict, the coroner committed Jacob Rotter to prison, in default of bail, and Mr. Lowerre was required to enter in bail this day, to answer any indictment that might hereafter be found by a tirand Jury.

Attempted Science.—Yesterday morning, James Mur-

Jury.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.—Yesterday morning, James Murray, formerly a waiter at Tammany Hall, attempted to commit suicide at his residence, in the rear of No. 53 Mulberry street, by cutting his throat with a razor. A severe, but not fatal, wound was inflicted, which was dressed by Dr. Sleight, of No. 44 James street. It is assigned that the cause of the commission of this rash act was the death of his child, which occurred about a week since, and which produced a depression of spirits on his part. He expressed a regret that he did not succeed in accomplishing his object.

part. He expressed a regret that he did not succeed in accomplishing his object.

A DISTURBANCE.—On Wednesday it appears that a quarrel took place in a boarding house in Marion street, between several "geamen ob color," relative to the possession of a strapping lady of the same complexion. One of the parties, calling himself Ishmael Footman, went before Justice Mountfort and complained that he had been severely beaten by Wm. Deyo, John Thomas, and Thomas Austin, and who had robbed him of a goid watch and chain and five dollars in money. They were arrested, and locked up to answer an assault and battery.

Fires.—About 9 o'clock yesterday morning, a fire broke out in Broadway, near Seventieth st., in a bakery adjoining a two story frame house. The two buildings were both consumed, as was also the house adjacent. They belonged to George Delaines. The prompt arrival of Engine Company No. 1, together with the efficiency of the police, prevented the fire from extending, which, at one time, promised to be a large countagration, in consequence of the scarcity of water in that vicinity. The damage may amount to about \$2,000.

Court Calcudar—This Day.

Sepremic Court—Special Term.—Nos. 64, 14, 46, 54, 60, 41, 59, 5, 159, 52 65, 20, 62 66, 25. Checur Court.—Nos. 105, 4, 5, 5, 7, 221, 288, 289, 234, 291, 292, 283, 205, 206, 230 235.
SEVERIOR COURT—Two Branches.—Nos. 525, 409, 274.
305, 38, 611, 624, 504, 484, 551, 544, 555, 509, 205, 629, 630, 631 to 679, inclusive.

Genin's Spring Style of Hats were intro-duced on Saturday, the 14th February. Gentlemen in want of a Hat, superior in style and quality, are invited to call. GENIN, No. 214 Broadway.

Amuen, 619 Broadway, is new prepared to furnish his ele-gent Spring Hats. For beauty of style, elegance of mish, richness of material, light, elacticity, and durability, Ami-don's Spring Hats for Fed. outries all competitors. Gen-tlemen are respectfully invited to call and examine these beautiful fabrics.

649 Broadway, near Bleecker street.

Look at This!—\$3 Moleskin Silk Hats— Spring Fashion, of brilliant jet black color, beautiful in design and elegantly made, 25 per cent cheaper than Broad-way prices. Sold at Banta's, 105 Canal street. The largest neartiment of caps, and children's late, to be found in any store in this city. Some new and beautiful patterns, of the appring style.

High Rents and Cheap Hats.—The won-derin increase in rents, and the brilliancy and cheapness of KNOX's spring style of Hats, are the two most cacting and interesting topics of the day. The ladies, however, monopo-lac the former subject, while the sons of Adam grow elo-quent over the latter.

"Elements of Euclid" applied to Shirt-making, ha! ha! ha!—A!! who want to have their Shirts made according to the rates laid down by the aforesaid author, apply at 232 Greenwich street, cernor of Chambers, THOS. McLAUGHLIN. Verdict on Shirts .- The Verdict of Fa-

shion's jury, with Public Opinion for its foreman, is, that perfection in shirt making, as regards fit and style, has been reached by the new patent system of measurement pursued at GREEN'S, No. 1 astor House. Union Hall Wholesale Clothing Ware

Union Hall Wholesane Clothing Wat-house, corner of Fulton and Nassau streets, N.Y.—The at-tention of Southern and Western men, visiting this city, is respectfully invited to our immense stock of Spring and Semmer Clothing, which embraces all the new and desirable styles of goods, manufactured by competent workingen, cut in the most elegant and modern style, and at prices which cannot fail to give entire satisfaction. N. B.—A large as-softment of Beys' Clothing constantly on hand. P. L. ROGERS.

Them \$5 Suits.—A splendid collection of "tion \$5 suits." consisting of freek Coat, cassimere Pants, and facey Vest, new rely for purchasers. Also, £600 freek and dress Coats, rew Styles Sci. 1,000 pair of cassimere and derkin Vants, from \$1 to \$2.00; 600 Vests, of every style, quality, and when, from \$2.00; to \$2.00; Overcoats, from \$2.00; Ove

California Merchants and Miners are invited to exemine BARRON, BROS', pertable blast furnates, for extracting gold from quartz rock, and for all other melting operations. They are the most effective furnaces in use. Also, Barren, Bros', portable forges. Both can be seen in use at the ware rooms, 66 Duane street. Meade Brothers, Daguerreotypes of Catha-

rine N. Sinclair, late lirs. Forcest, as Lady Tearle. Most magnificent deguerrectypes were taken of this lady yester-day, and may be seen, with one thousand cherg, as the English perium of Art, 233 Broadway, three doors above the Aston.

Daniel Webster and Lola Montes .- When great heads come together, we may expect something to result in the way of windows. Daniel Wester and Lola Montes are the latest we have noticed in juxtamoution, as far accounte of very beautiful Deguerrectypes by Monde, Brother, 23 Bronelway, can so place those celebrated person ages. We understand these portraits were taken to inclinate the modelling of metallions for their numerous friends by T. D. Jones, a caliptor, of our city. "Straws show which way the wind blows," and General Scott, as well as Judg Douglas, had better look to their laurels. Mr. Jones made the celebrated medallion of Henry City.

Daguerreotypes in Oil,-This new and inresting discovery in the arts, which has recently been ought out by W.R. M. BUTLER, of the Plumbe National dilery, No. 251 Broadway, is deserving of the attention of lavers of art.

And this for the "Girl I Leave Hehind me," says John to his brother, handing him one of Thompson's Firty Cent Likeneres of himself, when on the steamer about to sail for California. That man will come back a rich man, for he commence with excemy, and instead of paying \$2 or \$3 for a likeness, gets one as good for Fifty Cents at J. W. THOMPSON'S, 515 Broadway, first door below the Hospital.

To Daguerrians.—Any person having a whole plate Voightlander Camera, which they want to dispose of at a reasonable price, can find a cash enstoner by addressing Deguerran, Broadway Pest Office, stating where it can be seen, and the lowest cash price.

Gold Medal Daguerreotypes .- For artistle pletures, our first portrait and miniature painters, and all good judges of high art, universally recommend and pa-tronics RUOT, 303 Headway, corner of Pranklin street, as the lending daguerreotypist of the country. Everdell, Card Engraver, 302 Broadway,

cerner of Dunne street.—Elegant. Wedding and Visiting Cards, French and English Wedding Envelopes, in the latest styles, etone and metal Seal Engraving, Crusts, Cyphers, Coats of Arms on cliver plates, &c.

Phalon's New Spring Style of Hatr Cutting

New principle in Hair Cutting.—Clean Hair Brashes for
all by the basket full—afteen of the best artists in America
all by stylenin—new stylen. A new cea in Hair Cutting,
eclives anything before dreamed of in New York, at
PHALON'S Crystal Paince, 197 Breadway, corner of Dep

prevent haldness, and to restore hair that has fallen off, or become thin, and to cure scurf or dandruff, for invest it with such a brilliant gloss and permanent curl. For sale at 197 Broadway, and all the drug stores in every city and town in America.

Phalon's Magic Hair Dye, to color the kair or whiskers the moment it is applied, without injury to the hair er skin. It can be washed immediately without disturbing the color and has no had oder. It is applied, or sold, at PMALON'S Wig and Tource Manufactory, 197 Broadway. For sale in the city and country by druggists generally.

Dunlap's Light Carriages at Anction.

Mr. ALVERD M. HENENESS, Authorocy, will sell, at the
Chinese Massem, in the city of Philadelphia, on the State
day of March next, a cellection of 200 new Carriages, among
which may be found over tity of Dunlap's exhibitated make,
all warranted. Sale positive, and ne postponement.

commy to love this popular periodical on Naturelly for future, in order to be able to empty the greatly increa-country demand. No. II, for Naturelly next, will be ob-full of entertaining matter. Secure it at once, for the r-for it is extraordinary.

Mrs. Jervis's Cold Candy.-The great fireside Remedy for Coughs, Colds, Hearseness, and the various throat and iong complaints. Sold by Mrs. W. JERVIS, 308 Breadway, and droughists generally.

Wigs and Toupees—Hatchelor's new style of Wigs are pressured the most perfect initialize of nature yet invented. Those wanting a very superior article, shoold only at BATCHELOR'S celebrated Wig Factory, No. 4 Wall street, where can be found the largest and best assertment in the city. Copy the address. Phalon's Wigs and Toupees .-- We

call the attention of persons requiring wise, to a recent im-provement. The same was awarded a silver medal for the first preming at the last fair. They can be seen at E. Flat LON'S Wig and Hair Dye Factory, 197 Brondway, corner of

Dey street.

Hair Dye.—Batchelor's celebrated Liquid
Bair Dye is the best yet discovered for coloring the hair or
whiskers, the moment it is applied. The wonderful case and
certainty with which this favorite and old established lish
Dya performs to actonishing. It is for sale, or applied, at
BATCHELOR'S Wig Factory, No. 4 Wallistreet. Copy the

exception or reservation the very best ever invented; equally selectrated in GOURAUD'S Medicated Seap, for curing pines, frestler, milewase, chaps, chafes, roughness, &c. Paudre Subtile uprosts hair from any part of the body. Idquid Rouye, Lily White, and Hair Glora, at G Walker street, near Broadway; and Callender, 88 South Third street.

Nervous Antidote can be had, to test its wonderful proper ties upon Consumption, or any other disease, without cost if not found to be honehelal in the case. Office 128 dipsem with threet. Dept 102 Nassau street. Zieher's, So. 3 Thir-street, Phillidelphia. § 1a bottle; § 2 dozen.

5,000 Wigs and Toupees, at Medhurst & Heard's celebrated Wig Factory, 27 Maiden lane, made of the best materials, and combining all the latest improvements; are warranted to fit, and not to skeinle or change color. Also, braids of long hair, front braids, &c. Noome and the color of the state of the color of the colo

The fancies continue quite active and prices are still moving upward. A large portion of the transactions was on time, principally buyer's option. At the first board Harlem went up % per cent; Long Island, %; Reading RR, %; Morris Canal, %; Dauphin Coal Co., % Zinc Co. declined 34 per cent; St. Lawrence Mining Co., 14; Canton Co., 1/4; Edgeworth, 1/4. We see no indications of any new class of speculators entering the market. The brokers in the street have the whole field to themselves, and outsiders do not feel disposed to interfere with them There are plenty of sellers in the market, but they are There are plenty of sellers in the market, but they are not the regular bears. They are principally large holders, who have the stock ready for delivery at the maturity of their contracts, and will not be compelled to enter the market as purchasers. The present movement is of an extraordinary character, and jit will end, as all such inflations do, in an explosion or collapse. At the second board the market was well maintained, and closed firm at expectations environt in the morning. Helders of the large quotations current in the morning. Holders of the large leading fancies are afraid to sell on time, unless the purchaser is a man of large means and undoubted responsi-bility. A time that will sound the depth of speculators pockets is near at hand, and it would be well enough for sellers to look to the character of their contracts; one half of the heavy purchases made within the past week, on time, buyer's option, will not be worth a fraction. would be better for sellers on time, seller's option, to close up their contracts at once, particularly where they have the stocks in hand. The danger of waiting is too

The receipts at the office of the Assistant Treasurer of this port to-day, amounted to \$105.056 38; payments \$136,286 05—balance, \$2.577,070 89. This shows large receipts from customs, and, of course, a large importation of goods.

The Lawrence Manufacturing Company have declared

a dividend of three per cent.

A new banking association has been organized under the general law at West Troy. with a capital of two hundred thousand dellars, and named the Bank of West Troy. It will go into operation on the 1st of May next, under the management of Ferdinand P. Suydam as Provident, and and Albert C. Gunnison as Cashier. The Board of Public Works of Ohlo have reduced the

tells on the Miami Canal, from Cincinnati to Dayton, to two mills per mile on all articles, and from Dayton to Cininnati to half a mill per mile, being a reduction of from three to eight mills, and makine a difference of forestorn a na parrel of flour. The object is to compete with he Cincinnati and Dayton R ailroad.

The receipts of the Norwich and Worcester Railro

Company for the month of February, amounted to \$18,636 39, against \$16,580 53 for the corresponding month last year, showing an increase of \$2,055 86. This will not offset the deficiency in January this year; so that the aggregate for the two months this year, is less than for the same months in 1851. The probability is that the road will do a better summer business this year than last, and it may make such a connection, with a through to its finances.

The revenue of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Com pany, for the month of February, 1852, amounted to \$122,675 40, of which \$96,849 63 was from the main stem. and \$25,225 77 from the Washington branch.

A railroad convention is to assemble in Baltimore on the 13th inst., on which occasion the Hon. John P. Kennedy, of Baltimore, will submit a report, recommending the exten-sion of the Baltimore and Susquehanna Rallroad to the Pennsylvania line. A bill has been introduced in the Legislature of Pennsylvania, authorizing the extension from the Pennsylvania line to the Dauphin and Susquehanna Railroad. The proposed point of junction is seven miles and a half from Harrisburg. The people of Susquehanna county are said to be unanimously in favor of the euterprise, and will, doubtless, contribute liberally towards it. The junction of the two roads, immediately on the lands of the Dauphin Coal Company, is of great importance to that concern.

The operations of the branch mint at New Orleans, during the month of February, were as annexed :-BRANCH MINT, NEW ORLEANS-DEPOSITS AND COINAGE, FEBRUARY, 1852.

Gold, \$482,576 50, of which \$474,091 76 was California gold. \$482,567 99
Silver, \$10.084 52, cf which \$2,728 04 parted
from California gold. 16.084 52

Total amount of deposits.......\$498 661 51 Geld. 8 500 double cagies. \$170,000 00 12,000 cagies. \$2,000 00 44,000 quarter cagies. 110,000 00 No delivery of silver coin.

The division of coinage, as shown above, is much better than exhibited in the report of the mint in Philadelphia.

Nearly the entire deposits of builion was of California metal. Stock Exchange. 84200 U S 6's, '68 ... 118 26 sha N V & N Hav. 1000g 2000 Ohio 6's '00 ... 10834 55 Eric RR ... ... bi0 84'5

2000 111 Int Imp. 47 75	The second second second second	0200
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1200 Indiana Can Loan 10	75 do	8157
1000 Indiana 216's 47	50 do	8452
1000 Erie 7's, '68, 1151a	100 do b60	8432
5000 Erio 7'e, 59 10415	100 do 660	8172
1000 do 104%	100 do	1456
1000 Erio 7's, '62 041.	200 do600	8432
2000 Eric Conv. 71. 615 931	200 (10 100)	
5000 do 160 93		85
1000 Eric Conv. 62 94%	150 Harlem RR	69
2 shs Bk N York 142	100 40	633%
25 Manbattan Bk 117	100 do b30	69
15 Windiana 6 Court in 197		60%
15 Michigan & South R 104%		69%
24 Dauphin Coal Co 45	500 Long Island RR	2234
65 Chatham Bank. b60 112	100 40 100	2137
6 Bk North America. 10414	400 de	72
300 Dry Dock Co b60 112	100 do \$60	22
50 Portsmouth DD 7%	20 Dauphin Coal Co	44
00 Edgwerth Co 8%	50 do	4001
50 do 832	100 Reading RR soo :	7002
30 Marris Canal 184	100 do s90	m12
25 do 1992	100 do	200
000 do b30 1815	200 do	1023
25 Canton Co	400 de	150
50 do 743	500 Ner & Wor RR	220
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ABVERTISEMENTS RENEWED EVERY DAY.

NFORMATION WANTED OF JNO. H. BYRNES, LATE

of the City of Dublin Cunton House, Ireland seed & ged & ged

LETTERS OF IMPORTANCE TO THE HON. ADOLphus Chickerter, have been forwarded to me from
the india Hense, Lendon. He, or any person knowing his
address, will please forward the sume to 103 First avenue,
New York. J. WMS MCCLELLAND. Quebec papers please

MAILS FOR EUROPE PER UNITED STATES MAIL
Office, Charlam square, corner of East Broadway, on Saturday, Lith March, at 10 o'clock in the morning, for Liverpoot,
London, Ireland, France, all parts of Germany, and other
foreign constries.

AARION SWARTS.

# CANDIDATE FOR SHERIPF. WE ARE AUTHOR Led by the friends of HENRY C. ATWOOD, without

distinction of party, respectfully to announce him as a con-cidate for the office of Sheriff of the county and city of New York.

SOCIETY MEETINGS. NEW YORK MEDICAL COLLEGE, THIRCEENTE

NEW YORK VOLUNTEERS—A MEETING OF THE New York Volunteers will be held, at the Mercer Heuse, this evening (Prinay), the 17th inst., at 7/2 o clock, to make arrangement for the loneral of our deceased brother saidler James Seerle, late of Company E, New York Volunteers.

By creer,
WAED B, BURNETT, Late Col. N. Y. Volunteers.

Civizen volunteers.—The officers of this behavior volunteers are requested to attend a meeting to held at Central Hall, Grant street, on Toosday evening March 18, at 73, o'clock. By order of the Milson, Major General.

\$100 REWARD.—LEFT, BY A LADY, ON BOARD to stanger Empire State, from Fall River, increasy morning, a package of Bank Bulls, principally of the New Biofford banks. The above reward will be paid for the recovery or barrier it. CHAS. P. FREEMAN & CO., 144 Broadway.

POCKET BOOK FOUND IN LAURENS STREET, ON Satisful versing last, containing considerable money, which the owner can stave, by praving property and paying charges, by calling on Louise Gibson, at 77 Laurens street, between the hours of B.A. M. and P. M.

SUPPOSED TO BE STOLEN - A GOLD PATENTLEVER S Watch, and Clair attached, information of which can be lad by applying at L. JACOB'S Cheap Watch Store, 102 Chatham street, describing property and paying expenses. Dog LOST.—A LIVER-COLORED POINTER, WITH A black leather collar, strayed from No. 217 State strost, Brooklys, on the afternoon of Wednesday, the 10th justant. Any person returning him will be rewarded.

## HOUSES, ROOMS, &c. WANTED.

HOUSE—WANTED, ON OR REFORE THE FIRST OF May, in the lower part of the city, a house suitable for keeping hearders. Must be below Canal street. Rent not to exceed \$2.000. Address, stating location and terms, to WILLIAM MURPHY, 25, Broadway, (up stairs.) A RESPECTABLE PRIVATE PAMILY, OWNING and eccupying a good house in the Tenth ward, and having more reconst than they require, are willing to dispose of part of them to a desirable and very small family. Baths in the house. A note addressed to Capt. 7. W., lierald office, will meet with attention.

A PRIVATE PAMILY, OWNING AND OCCUPYING than they require than they require, are decirous of disposing of one or two of them to single sentlemen, of respectability, with partial board and attendance if required. Het and cold baths in the house. A note addressed to J. Grower, Heraid effect, will meet with attention.

OFFICES TO LET, IN THE BASEMENT OF THE Grocers' Bank, corner of Barelay street and College places—one of the most desirable locations in town for an exchange broker stationer, or lawyer's offices; will be divided to suit applicants. Inquire at the Bank.

W ANTED.—A SMALL PAMILY WOULD RIRE citizer the upper or lower part of a modern built threatery house, with tath, gas, &c., if possible. Would profe below Canal street and West of Broadway, References exchanged. Address H. W. K., Herald office.

WANTED-FOR A SMALL, QUIET PAMILY, THE one-half of a twe-story House, from the let of May next location not below Canal street or above Amity street, near Broadway; rent about \$200. Address A. W. S., at this office.

WANTED—A TWO OF THREE STORY HOUSE, IN good repair, for a family of grown persons, near Broadway, in a respectable neight erhood, between Houston and Tenthetreets. Rent in advance; not to exceed \$500. Address J. M., Herald office.

DRAWING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES -MR. E. BEAU Drawing is all its branchists.—MR. E. BEAC-lieu, from Paris, speaking English, and having the most uncareptionable references, respectfully offers to give in-structions in private families, schools, reminaries and acade-mies, in Penell, Pen, Sepia. Water Colors, Stump, Flower, Landscape, Architecture, Lavis. He will give lessons at his residence, or in any part of the city, and will also receive from engravers on wood, architects and Lithegraphere, any drawings to do at his residence. Letters addressed to al Barclay street.

Barelay street.

PRENCH LANGUAGE—6:5 BROADWAY.—PROFES
ser Richard will begin on Bouday evening, at 7/g o'clock,
a new course of lessens in French, with his new weekly
paper, printed in English and in French, and the pronunciation affixed ander each line. A cholour will, in a short time,
be able to speak and to write correctly.

PRENCH, GERMAN, ENGLISH, AND CLASSICS, BY E. Tellering, Referendarius, Improved Ollendorffian Method. Translation, Interpretation. Apply at 80 Prince atrect, two doors from Broadway.

street, two doors from Broadway.

M USIC AND FRENCH.—WANTED—BY A YOUNG lady, theroughly qualified to teach the English branches, Music, and French, a situation as Teacher in a family or select school. The best references can be given. Address Maria, box No. 76 Post Office, New Haven, Ct. W. R. ITING CLANSES.—APPLY THIS WEEK AT Goldsmith's, 289 Broadway, if you wish to acquire a good hand-writing. The terms are reduced, for this ments only, to \$2.50 for the course of ten leasens. Ladies at 11 A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. Gentlemen, day and evening. Private instruction, \$10.

NOTICE.—AT THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR Directors of the New York and Liverpool United States hail Steamship Company, held at the office of the Company, so. 36 Wall street, on Thursday, 4th inst. the following gentlemen were manimonely elected for the enging year-times Brown, wm. S. Wetmore, Edward & Collins, Horatio Allen, and Stewart Brown. And at a subsequent meeting of the board, James Brown was ananimously elected President, and Wm. L. Youle, Secretary.

Notice—ALL PERSONS INTERESTED IN OPPOSing the extending of Canal street and widening of
Walker street, whose property is assessed for that purpose,
are requested to call without delay at the Real Estate Office,
No. 49 Chambers street, from 10 A. R. to 8 P. M., to resign
the objections, the Centr requiring the objectors to sign
again, in consequence of a slight alteration in the assessments.

DR. JOHN SHEPPARD, ST. MARK'S PLACE, EIGHTH street, near Tompkin's square, late of Abby Leuse Ireland, has the pleasure to inform his friends and the pub-lie, that he has finished his medical education, having gra-duated at the last commencement of the New York Univer-sity, and will be happy to see his friends, at the above place this day, from 11 to 3 P. M.

YORK FAMILY HOTEL. NEW ERIDGE STREET, Indigate Hill, London.—The above home is centrally situated; toss an excellent coffer room, sen or twelve private sitting rooms; between forty and diffy licht, alsy bedrooms, a good emoking room: warm, can diffy licht, alsy bedrooms, ready; a night porter in attendance and discover baths always ready; a night porter in attendance and charge for sections; the New York Heraldis thick. Thinks Quartermaine tenders his grateful thanks to life American friends, for the favors he has so long enjoyed at their hands, and solicite their continued patronage and recommendation.

## COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

DARTNER WANTED. THE ADVERTISER, AU quainted with husbees, would invest \$2,000 to \$3,000 in a respectable business already in operation (on the west side preferred); or would look it on proper security, and take a tipulated amount for his services. Address, with real name (no other will be noticed), to Employment, at this office, PARTNER WANTED.—A PERSON WHO HAS HAD officen years experience in the impacting business in this city, wisher to engage or form a councerton with some old each blished house now doing business, or a capitalist wishing to commence techniques. References unexceptionable. Please address Dry Goods, Herald office.

PARTNER WANTED, THAT HAS TENT TO FIFTEEN Partners of stapies can goods, that will pay 100 per cont profit on investments, Secured on buildings and valuable machinery. Apply immediately at room 20 new hotel, corner of William and Frankfort streets.

THE ADVERTISER HAVING A GOOD BUSINESS, but is somewhat involved, has a good stock of goods on hand, and can set the for each with his creditions for armaly sum, any person having in each from \$20.00 to \$5.000, and wisding to go into husiness, can make a good bargain, such a cone as is seldon met with. Purfor particulars by an interview. Address, with real name limbs, bex No. 3,300, Post office.

WANTED-A PARTNER IN THE LUMBER TRADE, in Brecklyn, in one of the best locations, and well established—one having experience in the business preferred. A small capital would be required. Address A. B., Brocklyn P. O.

### DRY GOODS.

S PRING MANTILLAS.—THE EUBSCRIBER IS NOW propaged to submit to the inspection of merchanis and wholevalle buyers, an elocant and extensive assortiums of neveltics in Mantillas, in every fabric and design, all of his own importation and manufacture and which he offers on the most liberal terms. GEO, BULLIYN, Paris Mantilla Ruperium, No. 351 Broadway. N. B.—Will remove on the game block.

BLACK SILKS OF VERY SUPERIOR MANUFAC Durc. French Taffota, Gros de France. Re., of various widths and qualities, at extremely low press. Also, Paris Embroideries, Laces, Hostery, Glove. R. A. KERR & CO., 751 Readway, letwee Eighth and Nighth streets.

by the piece; superime Sected Diaper, et., 7a., 8c., and 10c. a place of Ruchahack Diaper, is. 2d. a yard, begge size Counterpanes, only Es., worth Sci extra large double games, 15c., worth Sci extra large double games, 15c., worth Sci could Diames, 15c., and 4c. 6d. a yard, two yards which large Linea double Dames Naphins, 15c. a decrem for Linea Towels, et. a. decrem Fringer Naphins, 6d. apiece; gantionance for Linea double dames, Naphins, 15c. a. decrem for Linea Towels, et. a. decrem Fringer Naphins, 6d. and 2c. 6d., worth double.

ASTROLOGY, &c

NATIVITIES, NATIVITIES, NATIVITIES.—EVERY
one, through the length and brendth of the land, should
be in poscession of his nativity. It is a few score or a beek
of reference of future events, all carefully calculated and
noted on paper, after the position the planets be ou, upon
the destiny of the individual wishing also nativity. All the
nativities are drawn and based upon the first principles of
untural philosophy. It is a paper which every one should
have for consultation before entering on any enterprise of
hazard. All Etteys to C. W. Roback, N. 6. White street,
two blocks below Brendway will be attonised to, if prepaid,
A letter from Hon, B. F. Thompson, member of Congress,
from Ohlow-Dayton, (Ohlo, ) Outober 31, leaf.—Bear sirnay mativity, which i had you to cast. I be remainder,
and daily look for them. Yours, &c., &c., the remainder,
and daily look for them. Yours, &c., &c., D. F. THOMPNON, M. C. To C. W. Roback, N. 6 White street.